



GUARDIAN®

Guardian Life, P.O. Box 14319,
Lexington, KY 40512

Please print clearly and mark carefully.

Employer Name: MORAVIAN CHURCH IN AMERICA, SP	Group Plan Number: 00527326	Benefits Effective: _____
PLEASE CHECK APPROPRIATE BOX Increase Amount Family Status Change	Initial Enrollment Re-Enrollment Add Employee/Dependents	Drop/Refuse Coverage Information Change

Class: ALL ELIGIBLE CLERGY Division: _____ Subtotal Code: _____ (Please obtain this from your Employer)

About You:
 First, MI, Last Name: _____
 Address _____ City _____ State _____ Zip _____
 Gender: M F Date of Birth (mm-dd-yy): _____ - _____ - _____ Phone: () _____ - _____
 Are you married or do you have a spouse? Yes No Date of marriage/union: _____ - _____ - _____
 Do you have children or other dependents? Yes No Placement date of adopted child: _____ - _____ - _____

About Your Job: Hours worked per week: _____ Job Title: _____

Work Status: Active Retired Cobra/State Continuation Date of full time hire: _____ - _____ - _____

About Your Family: Please include the names of the dependents you wish to enroll for coverage.

Spouse (First, MI, Last Name)	Gender	Social Security Number	State of Residence:
Address/City/State/Zip: Phone: () -	M F	Date of Birth (mm-dd-yyyy) _____ - _____ - _____	_____
Child/Foster Child/Dependent 1: Address/City/State/Zip: Phone: () -	Add Drop Gender M F	Social Security Number _____ - _____ - _____ Date of Birth (mm-dd-yyyy) _____ - _____ - _____ Placement date of adopted/ foster child _____ - _____ - _____	Status (check all that apply) Student (post high school) Disabled Non standard dependent State of Residence: _____
Child/Foster Child/Dependent 2: Address/City/State/Zip: Phone: () -	Add Drop Gender M F	Social Security Number _____ - _____ - _____ Date of Birth (mm-dd-yyyy) _____ - _____ - _____ Placement date of adopted/ foster child _____ - _____ - _____	Status (check all that apply) Student (post high school) Disabled Non standard dependent State of Residence: _____

Signature

An employee's decision to elect Vision or not elect Vision must be retained until the next plan's Open Enrollment period. If the employee elects not to enroll in vision coverage, they are not eligible to enroll until the plan's next Open Enrollment period.

I understand that my dependent(s) cannot be enrolled for a coverage if I am not enrolled for that coverage.

Submission of this form does not guarantee coverage. Among other things, coverage is contingent upon underwriting approval and meeting the applicable eligibility requirements as set forth in the applicable benefit booklet.

If coverage is waived and you later decide to enroll, late entrant penalties may apply. You may also have to provide, at your own expense, proof of each person's insurability. Guardian or its designee has the right to reject your request.

Plan design limitations and exclusions may apply. For complete details of coverage, please refer to your benefit booklet. State limitations may apply.

I hereby apply for the group benefit(s) that I have chosen above.

I understand that I must meet eligibility requirements for all coverages that I have chosen above.

I agree that my employer may deduct premiums from my pay if they are required for the coverage I have chosen above.

I acknowledge and consent to receiving electronic copies of applicable insurance related documents, in lieu of paper copies, to the extent permitted by applicable law. I may change this election only by providing thirty (30) day prior written notice.

I attest that the information provided above is true and correct to the best of my knowledge.

Any person who with intent to defraud any insurance company or other person files an application for insurance or statements of claim containing any materially, false information or conceals for purpose of misleading information concerning any fact material thereto, commits a fraudulent insurance act, which is a crime, and may also be subject to civil penalties, or denial of insurance benefits.

The state in which you reside may have a specific state fraud warning. Please refer to the attached Fraud Warning Statements page.

The laws of New York require the following statement to appear: Any person who knowingly and with intent to defraud any insurance company or other person files an application for insurance or statement of claim containing any materially false information, or conceals for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any fact material thereto, commits a fraudulent insurance act, which is a crime, and shall also be subject to a civil penalty not to exceed five thousand dollars and the stated value of the claim for each such violation. (Does not apply to Life Insurance.)

SIGNATURE OF EMPLOYEE X _____

DATE _____

Enrollment Kit 00527326, 0001, EN

Fraud Warning Statements

The laws of several states require the following statements to appear on the enrollment form:

Alabama: Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or who knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to restitution fines or confinement in prison, or any combination thereof.

Arizona: For your protection Arizona law requires the following statement to appear on this form. Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss is subject to criminal and civil penalties.

California: For your protection California law requires the following to appear on this form: The falsity of any statement in the application shall not bar the right to recovery under the policy unless such false statement was made with actual intent to deceive or unless it materially affected either the acceptance of the risk or the hazard assumed by the insurer.

Colorado: It is unlawful to knowingly provide false, incomplete, or misleading facts or information to an insurance company for the purpose of defrauding or attempting to defraud the company. Penalties may include imprisonment, fines, denial of insurance, and civil damages. Any insurance company or agent of an insurance company who knowingly provides false, incomplete, or misleading facts or information to a policy holder or claimant for the purpose of defrauding or attempting to defraud the policy holder or claimant with regard to a settlement or award payable from insurance proceeds shall be reported to the Colorado Division of Insurance within the Department of Regulatory Agencies.

Connecticut, Iowa, Nebraska, and Oregon: Any person who knowingly, and with intent to defraud any insurance company or other person, files an application of insurance or statement of claim containing any materially false information or conceals, for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any fact material thereto, may be guilty of a fraudulent insurance act, which may be a crime, and may also be subject to civil penalties.

Delaware, Indiana and Oklahoma: WARNING: Any person who knowingly, and with intent to injure, defraud or deceive any insurer, makes any claim for the proceeds of an insurance policy containing any false, incomplete or misleading information is guilty of a felony.

District of Columbia: WARNING: It is a crime to provide false or misleading information to an insurer for the purpose of defrauding the insurer or any other person. Penalties include imprisonment and/or fines. In addition, an insurer may deny insurance benefits, if false information materially related to a claim was provided by the applicant.

Florida: Any person who knowingly and with intent to injure, defraud, or deceive any insurer files a statement of claim or an application containing any false, incomplete, or misleading information is guilty of a felony of the third degree.

Kansas: Any person who knowingly, and with intent to defraud any insurance company or other person, files an application of insurance or statement of claim containing any materially false information or conceals, for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any fact material thereto, may be guilty of insurance fraud as determined by a court of law.

Kentucky: Any person who knowingly and with intent to defraud any insurance company or other person files a statement of claim containing any materially false information or conceals, for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any fact material thereto commits a fraudulent insurance act, which is a crime.

Louisiana and Texas: Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinements in state prison.

Maine, Tennessee and Washington: It is a crime to knowingly provide false, incomplete or misleading information to an insurance company for the purpose of defrauding the company. Penalties may include imprisonment, fines or a denial of insurance benefits.

Maryland : Any person who knowingly or willfully presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or knowingly or willfully presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in prison.

Rhode Island: Any person who knowingly and willfully presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or knowingly and willfully presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in prison.

Minnesota: A person who files a claim with intent to defraud or helps commit a fraud against an insurer is guilty of a crime.

New Hampshire: Any person who, with a purpose to injure, defraud or deceive any insurance company, files a statement of claim containing any false, incomplete or misleading information is subject to prosecution and punishment for insurance fraud, as provided in N.H. Rev. Stat. Ann. § 638:20

New Jersey: Any person who knowingly files a statement of claim containing any false or misleading information is subject to criminal and civil penalties.

New Mexico: Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment or a loss or benefit or knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to civil fines and criminal penalties or denial of insurance benefits.

Ohio: Any person who with intent to defraud or knowing that he/she is facilitating a fraud against an insurer, submits an application or files a claim containing a false or deceptive statement is guilty of insurance fraud.

Pennsylvania: Any person who knowingly and with intent to defraud any insurance company or other person files an application for insurance or statement of claim containing any materially false information or conceals for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any fact material thereto commits a fraudulent insurance act, which is a crime and subjects such person to criminal and civil penalties.

Vermont: Any person who knowingly presents a false statement in an application for insurance may be guilty of a criminal offense and subject to penalties under state law.

Virginia: Any person who with intent to defraud or knowing that he/she is facilitating a fraud against an insurer, submits an application or files a claim containing a false or deceptive statement may have violated state law.